## IMPROVED SCLERAL PROSTHESIS FOR TREATMENT OF PRESBYOPIA AND OTHER EYE DISORDERS

## ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

Presbydpia and other eye disorders are treated by implanting within a plurality of elongated pockets formed in the tissue of the sclera of the eye transverse to a meridian of the eye, a prosthesis having an elongated base member having an inward surface adapted to be placed against the inward wall of the pocket and having a ridge on the inward surface of the base extending along at least a major portion of the major dimension of the base. The combined effect of the implanted prostheses is to exert a radially outward traction on the sclera in the region overlying the ciliary body which expands the sclera in the \affected region together with the underlying ciliary body. The expansion of the ciliary body restores the effective working distance of the ciliary muscle in the presbyopic thereby intreases the amplitude of accommodation. Introduced is an improved scleral prosthesis for the treatment of presbyopia and other eye disorders. An exemplary prosthesis is adapted for contact with the sclera of an eyeball, and comprises a body having a first end and a second end wherein the body has (i) a planform adapted to expand the contacted sclera to increase the effective working distance  $\flat f$  the ciliary muscle of the eyeball,

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and (ii) means for stabilizing the prosthesis within the surgically formed pocket within the sclera of the eyeball.